

## Feedforward Neural Networks

- Feedforward neural network** Neural network  $f$  with  $L$  layers

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = A_L \circ \sigma \odot A_{L-1} \circ \dots \odot A_2 \circ \sigma \odot A_1(\mathbf{x})$$

- The parameters of the NN  $f$  are the entries of  $\mathbf{W}_\ell$  and  $\mathbf{b}_\ell$

$$\mathbf{W}_\ell = \begin{bmatrix} w_{11,\ell} & w_{12,\ell} & \dots & w_{1n_{\ell-1}} \\ w_{21,\ell} & w_{22,\ell} & \dots & w_{2n_{\ell-1}} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ w_{n_{\ell}1,\ell} & w_{n_{\ell}2,\ell} & \dots & w_{n_{\ell}n_{\ell-1}} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_\ell \times n_{\ell-1}} \quad \mathbf{b}_\ell = \begin{bmatrix} b_{1,\ell} \\ b_{2,\ell} \\ \vdots \\ b_{n_{\ell},\ell} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_\ell}$$

$\mathbf{W}_\ell$  is called the *weight matrix*,  $\mathbf{b}_\ell$  the *bias*

- Affine maps are defined as

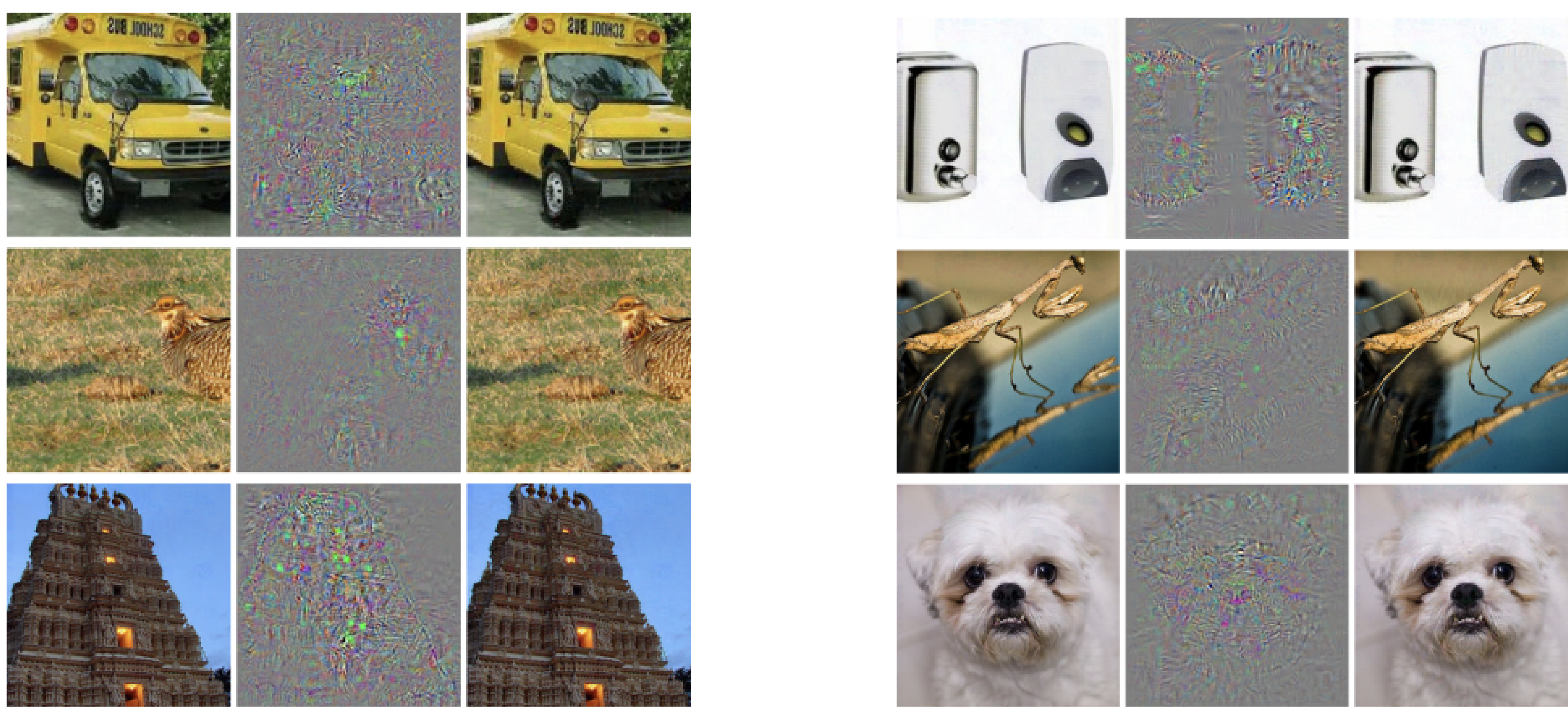
$$A_\ell(\mathbf{z}) = \mathbf{W}_\ell \mathbf{z} + \mathbf{b}_\ell$$

- $\sigma$  is the ReLU activation  $\sigma(x) = \max\{x, 0\}$

- Examples** Convolutional NNs (CNNs), Residual NNs (ResNets)

## Need for Stability Analysis: Adversarial Examples

- NNs are not robust with respect to input noise
- Intriguing property of NNs** Fix the input  $\mathbf{x}_0$  then bad perturbations  $\mathbf{x}_0 + \delta\mathbf{x}$  that yield very different output can be found
- Image classification task** A NN classifier that accurately predicts the class of the image  $\mathbf{x}_0$  misclassifies a perturbed image  $\mathbf{x}_0 + \delta\mathbf{x}$  even when the size of the perturbation  $\|\delta\mathbf{x}\|$  is negligible



(left columns) original image  $\mathbf{x}_0$   
(middle columns) perturbation  $\delta\mathbf{x}$   
(right columns) perturbed image  $\mathbf{x}_0 + \delta\mathbf{x}$

Perturbed images in the right columns are predicted as *Ostrichs*

- These examples are called *adversarial examples* and can be found through optimization, e.g. the projected gradient descent (PGD)

## Low Rank Householder Expansion (LRHE)

- Low-Rank Householder Expansion** feedforward NNs are written

$$f(\mathbf{x}) = F(\mathbf{x}) \mathbf{x} = [F_0 + F_\sigma(\mathbf{x})] \mathbf{x}$$

The input-dependent matrix  $F_\sigma$  has rank at most  $L - 1$

$$F_\sigma(\mathbf{x}) = \sum_{\ell=1}^r d_\ell(\mathbf{x}) \zeta_\ell(\mathbf{x}) \xi_\ell(\mathbf{x})^\top \quad r \leq L - 1$$

- The row and column spaces  $\Phi$  and  $\Psi$  can be computed based on the trained weights

$$\Phi = \text{span}\{\zeta_\ell\} \quad \Psi = \text{span}\{\xi_\ell\}$$

- low-rank since number of layers  $L$  is much smaller than the input dimension ( $\#$  of data points or pixels)

## Householder Reflectors Approximation of ReLU

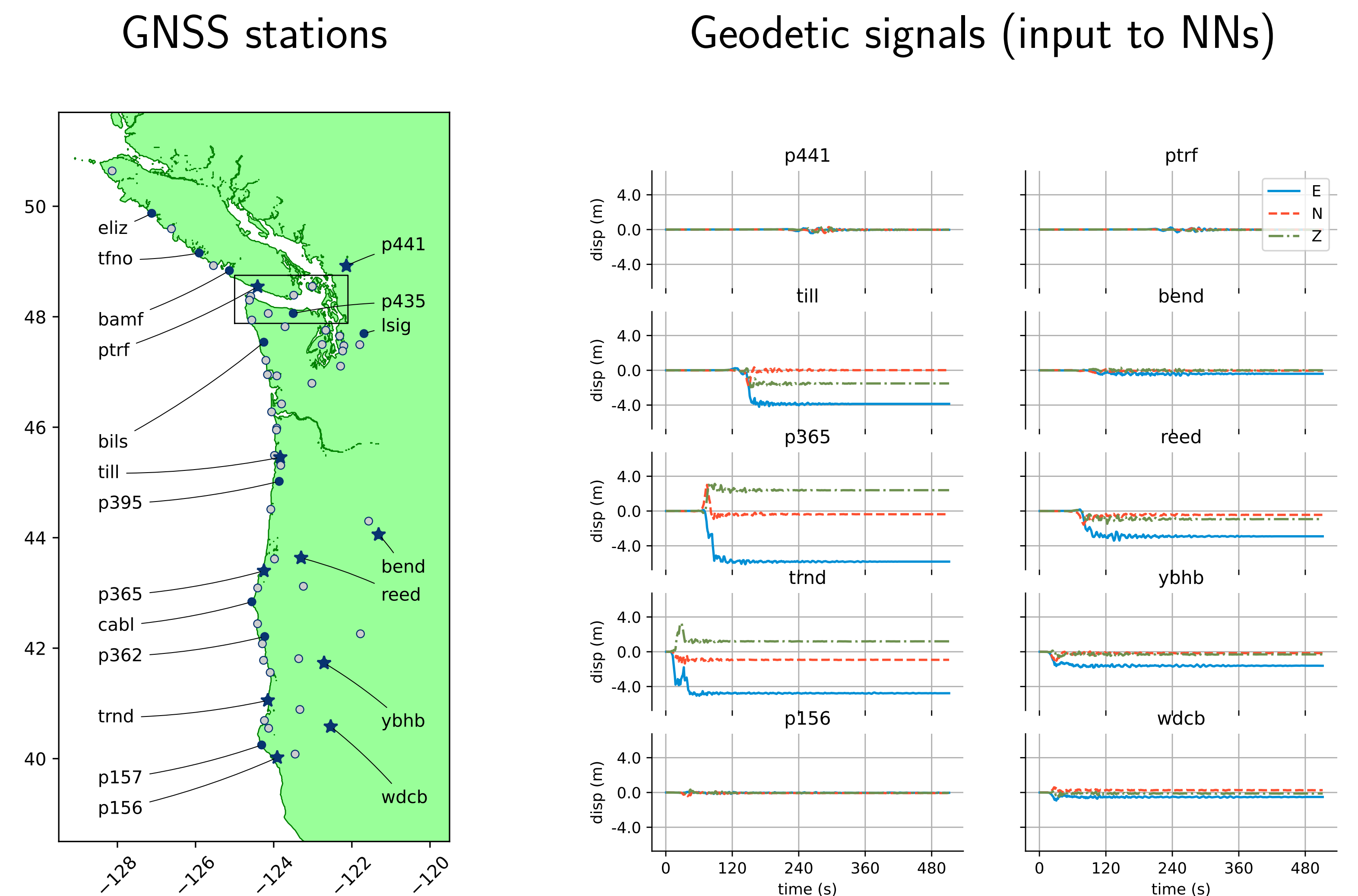
- Householder reflectors are symmetric, orthogonal matrices

$$\sigma(\mathbf{z}) = \mathbf{H}_\mathbf{z} \mathbf{z} = (\mathbf{I} - 2\mathbf{v}_\mathbf{z} \mathbf{v}_\mathbf{z}^\top) \mathbf{z} \quad \|\mathbf{v}_\mathbf{z}\|_2 = 1$$

Rank-1 perturbation of the identity matrix

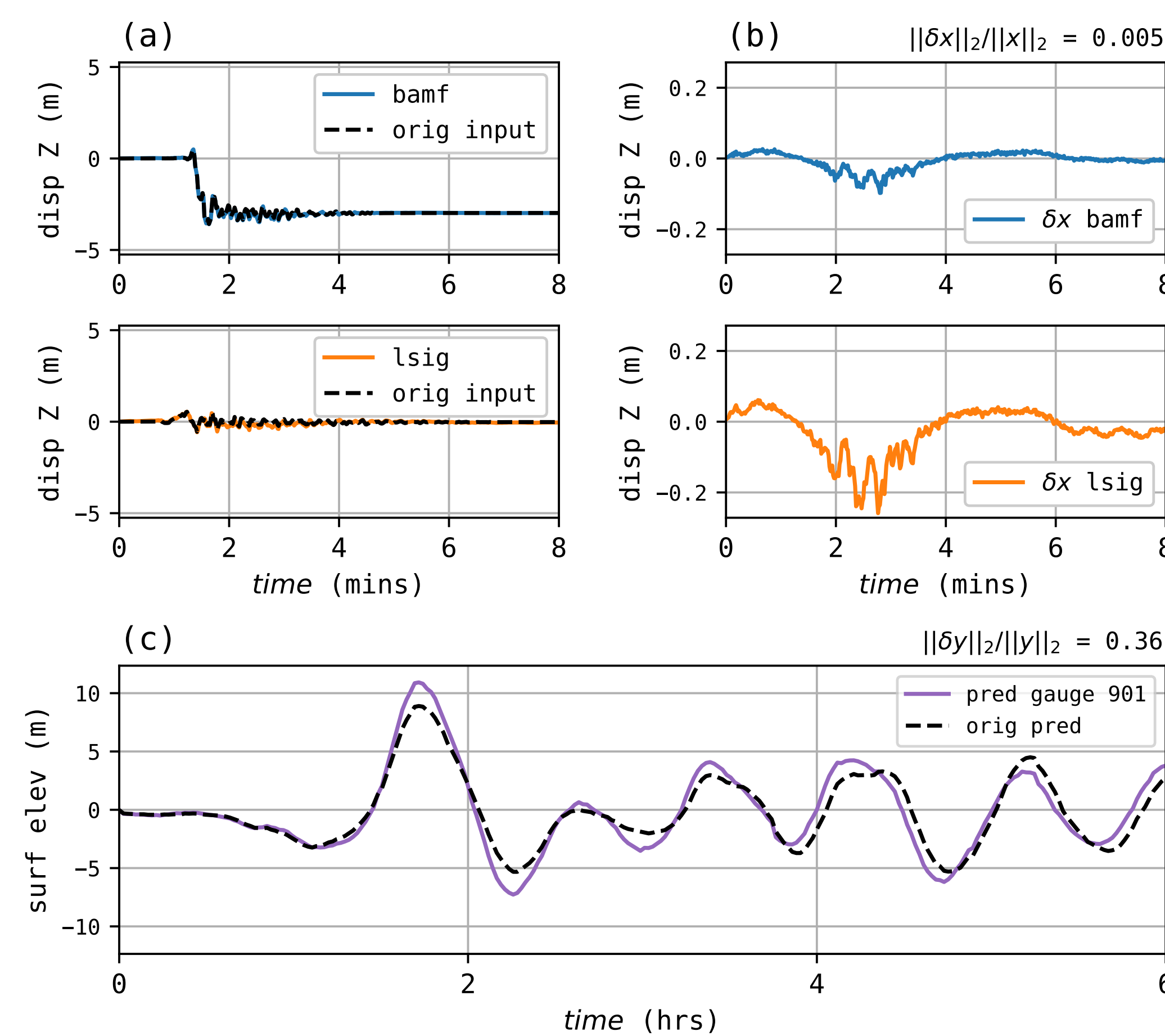
## Tsunami Prediction (Cascadia Subduction Zone)

Train NNs to predict tsunami waveforms (6 hrs) at geographical locations using geodetic measurements from GNSS stations ( $< 8$  mins)



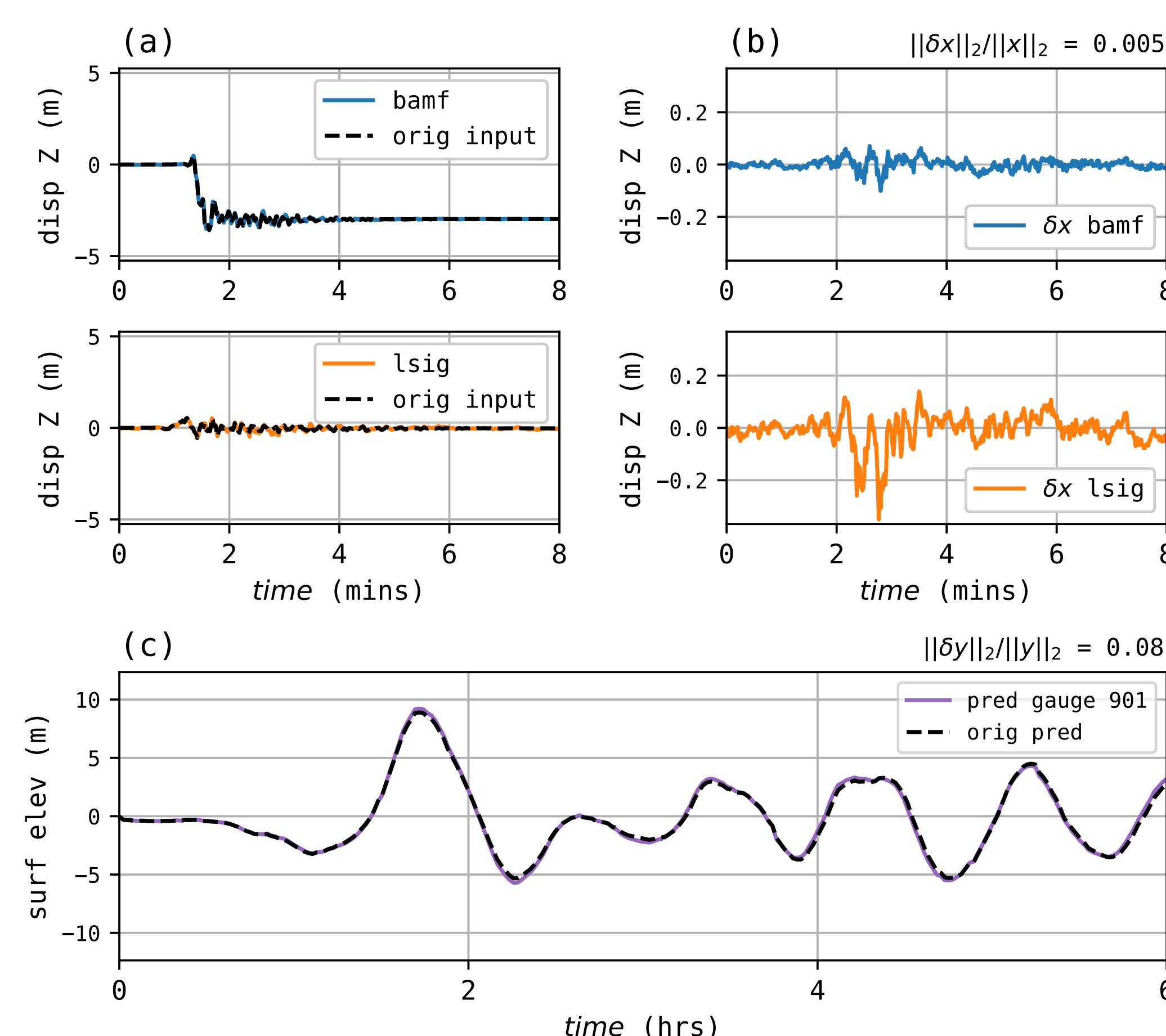
## Adversarial Examples for NN Tsunami Model

- An adversarial example found by PGD



- (a) The perturbed input  $\mathbf{x}_0 + \delta\mathbf{x}$  at two selected stations  
(b) The perturbation  $\delta\mathbf{x}$   
(c) The resulting perturbed output  $f(\mathbf{x}_0 + \delta\mathbf{x})$  at gauge 901. An imperceptible 0.5% change in the input causes a large 36% change in the output.

- Filtering out directions in  $\Psi$  removes the adversarial effect



- (a) The perturbed input  $\mathbf{x}_0 + (\delta\mathbf{x})_{\text{filter}}$  at two selected stations  
(b) The filtered perturbation  $(\delta\mathbf{x})_{\text{filter}}$   
(c) The resulting perturbed output  $f(\mathbf{x}_0 + (\delta\mathbf{x})_{\text{filter}})$ . The amount of output perturbation is at 8%, closer to that of the input perturbation.

## References

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