April 17, 2007 S.D. Peckham

Notes on How to Use Subversion

Introduction

SVN is a version control program that uses a "copy-modify-merge" approach instead of a "lock-modify-unlock" approach, as explained in the Subversion User's Guide in Chapter 2 (p. 9 - 13). It can be used to track changes in a directory tree, either to individual files (called *file changes*), or to the tree itself (*tree changes*). The latter would include addition, deletion or renaming of files or subdirectories. Subversion can track changes for any collection of files, but is best-suited to tracking changes in text files, such as program source code or documentation. Subversion is a free, open-source program that is distributed under an Apache/BSD-style open-source license. (See http://subversion.tigris.org.) The actual title of the Subversion User's Guide is Version Control with Subversion: For Subversion 1.3.

This document is meant to be used as a very basic tutorial on how to perform common tasks with Subversion. Explicit examples are provided for a software project called TopoFlow.

SVN is set up on our server "mysticplum", so you need to log in there before you can execute the SVN subcommands discussed below.

Check Which Version of SVN is Installed

svn --version (currently version 1.4 on mysticplum)

Get Help on Any SVN Subcommand

svn help <subcommand>

Create a New Repository

sudo chown -Rh nobody:nobody /usr/local/SVN/<name of repo>

All repositories must reside in /usr/local/SVN. Files in the directory /usr/local/SVN/conf need to be kept away from the users in general. One is the svn-auth-file that contains all of the usernames and the associated passwords of users that need access to the repository.

What about this method from the Subversion User's Guide? svnadmin create /path/to/repos ls /path/to repos

Copy Files Into a New Repository

Copy the contents of a directory called "TF_tree" under "TF_Directory" to create a new repository

svn import TF_tree file://TF_Directory -m "Initial import"

List Contents of a Repository

svn list https://mp.colorado.edu/svn/TopoFlow (for TopoFlow) svn list https://mp.colorado.edu/svn/Main (for SedFlux)

(or just point a browser to the URL)

Check Out Files in a Repository

To check out the TopoFlow source code and copy it to "TF_Checkout" in current directory:

svn checkout https://mp.colorado.edu/svn/TopoFlow/trunk/code TF_Checkout

- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_gw.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/COMPILE_TF
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/LIB_filepath.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_precip.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_stop.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/LIB_path_sep.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/utils_TF.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_snow.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_utils_tf.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/smooth_DEM.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/route.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/richards.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/channel_grids.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/tests.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/methods.pro
- A TF Checkout/version-1.5/LIB modifyct.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/Qnet_file.pro
- A TF Checkout/version-1.5/pixel size.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/getvars.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_chan.pro
- A TF Checkout/version-1.5/plot.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_sed.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/postprocess.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/preprocess.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/diversions.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/init_depth.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/formulas.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_main.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/LIB_xmanager.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/cascade_rain.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/LIB_loadct.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_evap.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/GUI_infil.pro
- A TF_Checkout/version-1.5/distrib_tool2.pro
- Checked out revision 1.

Add a New File to a Repository

It is not enough to simply add a file to a checked-out directory. You must use the "add" subcommand to tell Subversion about the new file. Change to the working directory where the checked-out files have been saved (e.g. cd ~peckhams/TF_Checkout) and then type

svn add <new_file>

svn add save_load.pro (example) svn add LIB_strsplit.pro (example)

A save_load.pro A LIB_strsplit.pro

Delete a File from a Repository

It is not enough to simply delete the file from a checked-out directory. You must use the "delete" subcommand to tell Subversion about the change. Change to the working directory where the checked-out files have been saved, and then type

svn delete <old_file>
svn delete distrib_tool.pro (?)
svn delete tests.pro (?)

View/Save Changes to the Repository

Change to the working directory where the checked-out files have been saved, and then type

svn diff	(view all of the changes, diff-style)
svn diff > Revision1.txt	(save changes to text file in diff-style)

Check the Status of the Repository

Single-character flags let you know the status of each file in the repository: A=Added, D=Deleted, C=Conflicts, R=Replace (sheduled), L=Locked, I=Ignore (set to not be managed by svn), ?=Not managed by svn, M=Modified (locally)

Note that files in the repository that were not modified do not show up in the listing from "svn status" (e.g. GUI_sed.pro, init_depth.pro)

svn status

- ? Revision1_diff.txt
- M GUI_gw.pro
- M COMPILE_TF
- M GUI_precip.pro
- M GUI_stop.pro
- M utils_TF.pro
- M GUI_snow.pro
- M GUI_utils_tf.pro
- A save_load.pro
- M smooth DEM.pro
- M route.pro
- M methods.pro
- M Qnet_file.pro
- M getvars.pro
- M GUI_chan.pro
- M plot.pro
- M preprocess.pro
- M diversions.pro
- M formulas.pro
- M GUI_main.pro

- M GUI_evap.pro
- M GUI_infil.pro

A LIB_strsplit.pro

To see when each file in a repository was last revised, you can set the verbose flag to see revision numbers. A repository usually contains "mixed revisions" as shown below, since not every file gets changed in a new revision.

svn status --verbose

? ?

	Revi	sion1_diff.txt
		Jpdate_Apr0507.txt
1	1 peckhams	
2	2 peckhams	GUI_gw.pro
2 2	2 peckhams	COMPILE TF
1	, 1 peckhams	LIB_filepath.pro
2	2 peckhams	GUI_precip.pro
2 2 1	2 peckhams	GUI_stop.pro
1	1 peckhams	LIB_path_sep.pro
2	2 peckhams	utils_TF.pro
2	2 peckhams	GUI_snow.pro
2	2 peckhams	GUI_utils_tf.pro
2	, 2 peckhams	save_load.pro
2	2 peckhams	smooth_DEM.pro
2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 peckhams	route.pro
1	1 peckhams	richards.pro
1	1 peckhams	channel_grids.pro
1	1 peckhams	tests.pro
2 1	2 peckhams	methods.pro
	1 peckhams	LIB_modifyct.pro
2 2 1	2 peckhams	Qnet_file.pro
2	2 peckhams	getvars.pro
	1 peckhams	pixel_size.pro
2	2 peckhams	GUI_chan.pro
2	2 peckhams	plot.pro
1	1 peckhams	GUI_sed.pro
1	1 peckhams	postprocess.pro
2 2	2 peckhams	diversions.pro
2	2 peckhams	preprocess.pro
1	1 peckhams	init_depth.pro
1	1 peckhams	LIB_xmanager.pro
2	2 peckhams	GUI_main.pro
2	2 peckhams	formulas.pro
1	1 peckhams	cascade_rain.pro
1	1 peckhams	LIB_loadct.pro
2 2 2	2 peckhams	GUI_evap.pro
2	2 peckhams	GUI_infil.pro
2	2 peckhams	LIB_strsplit.pro
1	1 peckhams	distrib_tool2.pro

Commit Changes to a Repository

Change to the working directory where the checked-out files have been saved, and then type

svn commit one_file_only.pro(example)svn commit --message "This is the version of April 5, 2007."svn commit --file Log_File.txt(example)svn commit --file TF_Update_Apr0507.txt

Condina	Varian 1 E/COMPUE TE	
Sending	version-1.5/COMPILE_TF	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_chan.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_evap.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_gw.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_infil.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_main.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_precip.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_snow.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_stop.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/GUI_utils_tf.pro	
Adding	version-1.5/LIB_strsplit.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/Qnet_file.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/diversions.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/formulas.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/getvars.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/methods.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/plot.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/preprocess.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/route.pro	
Adding	version-1.5/save_load.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/smooth_DEM.pro	
Sending	version-1.5/utils_TF.pro	
Transmitting	file data	
Committed revision 2.		

Examine History of Changes to the Repository

Use the revision and verbose flags to examine changes that were made in particular revision. If a log file was specified via "svn commit --file Log_File.txt", then the entire log file is also printed (even if the verbose flag is not set).

svn log foo.c(examine changes to a single file)svn log --revision 0:3svn log -r 0:3svn log -r 2 -v(verbose version, for 2nd revision only)

Update Your Working Copy of the Repository

This brings your working copy into sync with the latest revision in the repository. As explained in Chapter 2 (p. 18) of the Subversion User's Guide, Updates and Commits are separate. You can do either without doing the other.

svn update

Add a New User

cd /usr/local/SVN/conf sudo usr/local/apache/bin/htdigest svn-auth-file Subversion <username>

It is not necessary for them to have an account on the server,

they only have to have a username and password set in the /usr/local/SVN/conf/svn-auth-file. Users should choose good passwords and to have a password that is different from the one(s) they use to access other systems here on campus.