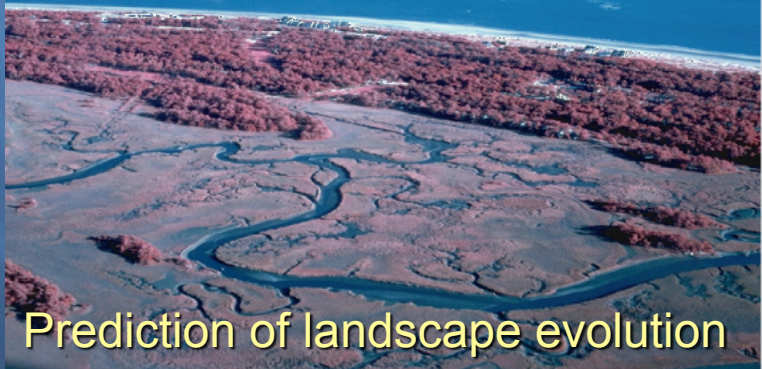


CSDMS

COMMUNITY SURFACE DYNAMICS MODELING SYSTEM



Conservation of natural resources



Prediction of landscape evolution



Mitigation of natural hazards

Risk analysis



Prediction of geotechnical properties

Geotechnical support of infrastructure



Stewardship of the environment

Understanding environmental change

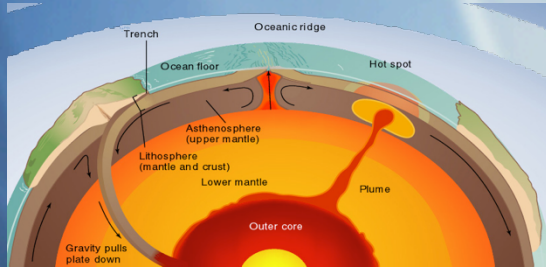


Global Energy & security

CSDMS Goals:
Develop, integrate, disseminate & archive software that define the earth's surface dynamics by simulating the movement of fluids, and the flux of sediment and solutes (production, erosion, transport, & deposition), through landscapes, seascapes, and their sedimentary basins.



Modeling Planet Earth (CIG, CSDMS, CCSM)



CSDMS Governance Structure

Executive Committee

Integration Facility

Industrial Consortium

Working Groups

Interagency Committee

Focus Research Groups

Steering Committee

Partners



The CSDMS Integration Facility

- Repositories: 1) Data; 2) Models; 3) Education
- Operations, governance, logistics: 1) Business Meetings; 2) Working Groups; 3) Workshops, 4) Short Courses; 5) Web Wiki
- *Tool/Model* protocol testing & evaluation on varied platforms
- Hardware & software configurations with CSDMS products
- Cyber-infrastructure (e.g. frameworks; licenses; protocols)
- Software modeling guidance
- Community coordination, public relations, product penetration
- Cooperation between field and modeling communities.

The Integration Facility *helps the surface-dynamics community move to High Performance Computing* — via a dedicated supercomputer with 512 x 3.0GHz cores for 6 Tflops with 1.2 TB memory, 72TB storage.

The CSDMS HPC linked to

- 1) A Front Range HPC, >7000 core, >100 Tflops,
- 2) The US TerraGrid,
- 3) A proposed NCAR/UCAR Petascale HPC dedicated to the Geosciences (100,000 core)



The CSDMS Data Repository

Climatology: T°C, PPT, Wind, Waves



e.g. Runoff

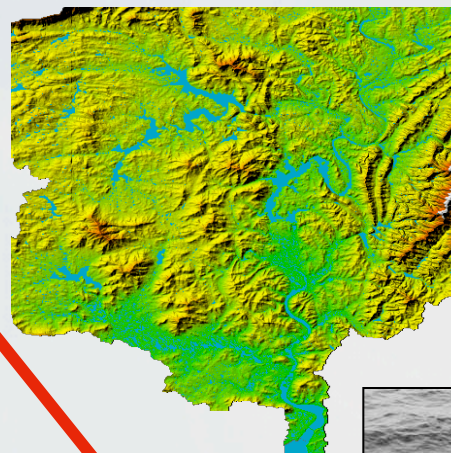


e.g. Lithology

Lithology Factors

- Red: e.g. acid plutonic, HG metamorphic
- Purple: e.g. hard but mixed lithology
- Blue: e.g. mixed or carbonates, volcanics
- Yellow: e.g. asbest-mixed lithology
- Green: e.g. clastic sediments
- Light Green: e.g. basalt

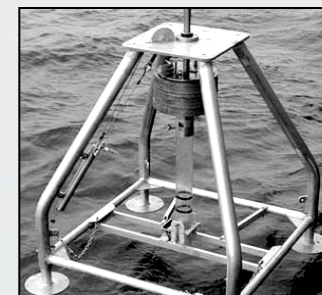
Topography/Bathymetry/Sea Level



**Gridded
Boundary
Conditions**

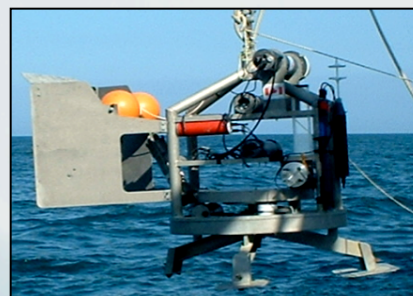
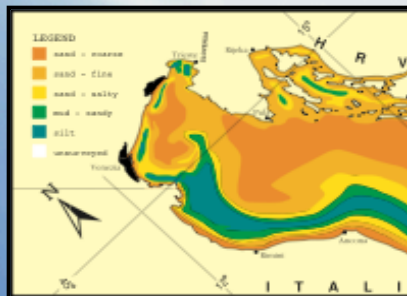
**Data Integration
in Modeling**

$$Q_{s,s}^x = \int_{z=\delta wbl}^h c_s U dz$$



**Gridded
Initializations**

- Ice Sheet Cover
- Soil Type/Thickness
- Grain Size
- Lakes/Reservoirs
- Human Factors: GNP, Pop.
- Vegetation
- Lithology



**Domain
Parameterization**

- Flocculation
- Critical Shear Stress
- Bioturbation
- Weathering grade
- Productivity
- Authigenesis



The CSDMS Data Repository

Archiving & distribution of data useful for model initializations & boundary conditions, for benchmarking of individual models, and for CSDMS framework-integrated validation experiments.

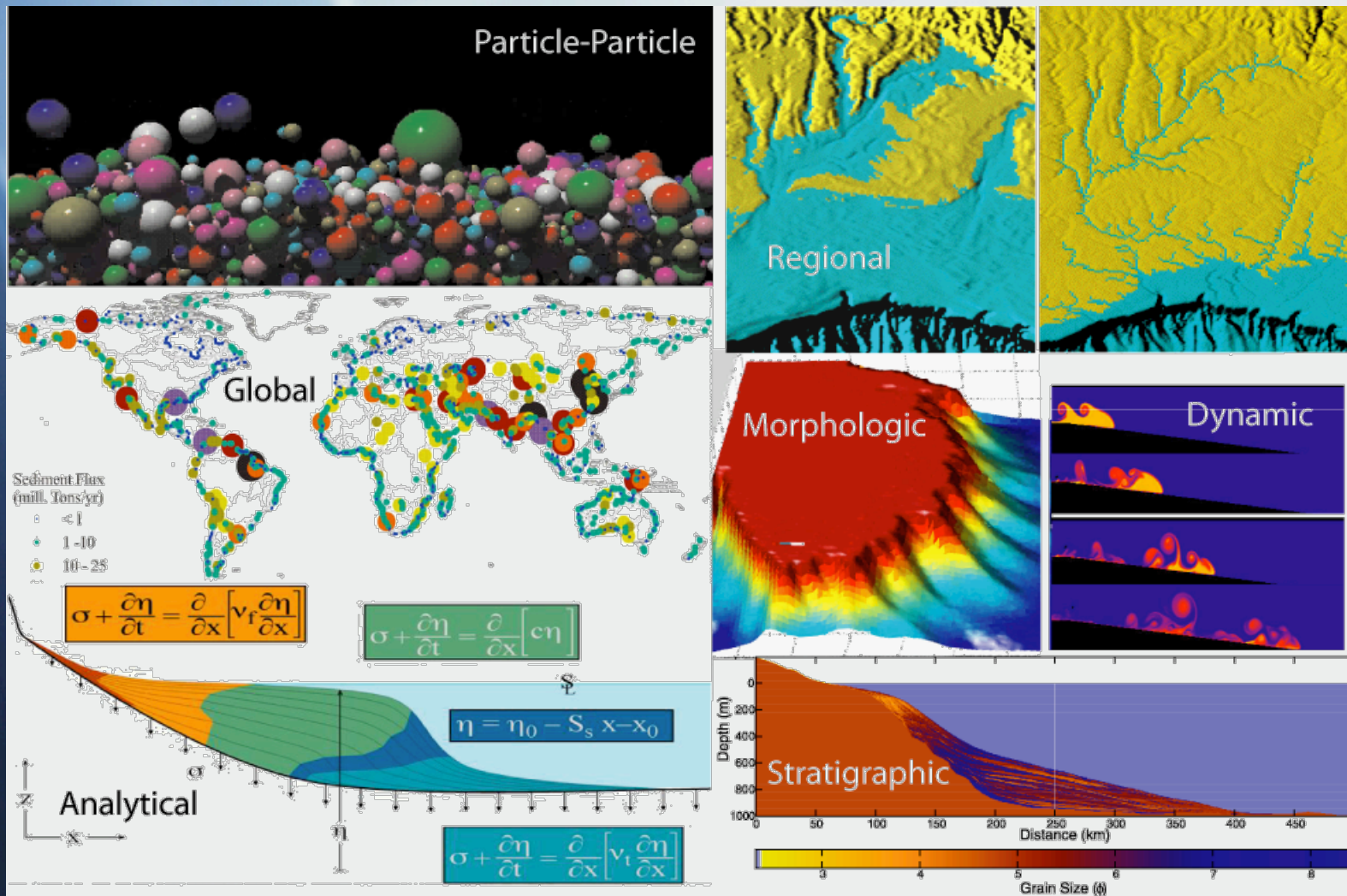
CSDMS presently offers the following gridded & geo-referenced data:

- **Bathymetry:** 1) GEBCO; 2) Smith & Sandwell (1-min); 3) IBCAO
- **Climate:** 1) GCRP; 2) GHCN (NOAA Global Historical Climate Network); 3) GOBALSOD (NOAA Daily Global Summary of Day); 4) PSD (Climate & Weather); 5) TRMM (Tropical Rainfall Measuring Mission); and 6) Unisys historical hurricane global data
- **Topography:** 1) LiDAR/ALSM (Airborne Laser Swath Mapping); 2) TOPO2 (Global 2-min); 3) ETOPO5 (Global 5-min); 4) GLOBE (Global 1-km); 5) GTOPO30 (Global 30 Arc-Sec); 6) NED (National Elevation Dataset); 7) SLA-02 (Shuttle Laser Altimeter); and 8) SRTM (Shuttle Radar Topography Mission)
- **Discharge:** 1) USGS (US daily, monthly), 2) HYDAT (Canada daily, monthly WSC), and 3) R-Arctic Net (Arctic-wide monthly)
- NISDIS World Glacier Inventory



The CSDMS Models/Tools Repository

CSDMS hosts relevant surface dynamics models & tools, including novel computational strategies



CSDMS offers >150,000 lines of code
Domain Models+ Metadata Source code

Terrestrial	47	33	20
Coastal	68	29	12
Marine	27	14	9

Model descriptions:

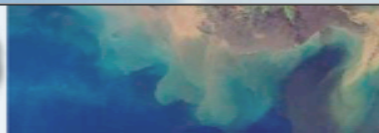
Terrestrial
 Coastal
 Marine

CAESAR:
 Home
 Information
 Issues
 Help
 Download
 Source

Page edit toolkit
 Article
 Discussion
 View source
 History

CSDMS

COMMUNITY SURFACE DYNAMICS MODELING SYSTEM



Intro | **Model description** | Tools | Data | Link to products

Model domains:

Terrestrial
 Coastal
 Marine

Model statistics:

SLOC

Model licenses:

License

Page edit toolkit

Page
 Discussion
 View source
 History

Toolbox

Print as PDF
 Wiki Help

Terrestrial model descriptions

To submit your model to the list, please complete this questionnaire. If you want to update the information about a model then click on the model name.

Table legend

- Source code not yet available
- Source code available through owner
- Source code available through CSDMS repository

Models with a link to their model information, have a questionnaire are encouraged to do so as soon as possible.

Program	Description
AquaTellUs	Model: Fluvial-dominated delta sediment
Avulsion	Model: Stream avulsion model
BEDLOAD	Subroutine: Bedload transport model
Caesar	Model: Cellular landscape evolution model
Cascade	Model: Large scale SPM based on irregular
CHILD	Model: Landscape Evolution Model
DECAL	Model: Aeolian dune landscape model
Delft3D	Model: 3D hydrodynamic and sediment transport
Dionisos	Model: 3D basin-scale stratigraphic model
DRAINAL	Model: Surface process model
DR3M	Model: Distributed Routing Rainfall-Runoff
ENTRAIN	Subroutine: Simulates critical shear stress
ENTRAINH	Subroutine: Simulates critical shields threshold
Erode	Model: Fluvial landscape evolution model
FLDTA	Subroutine: Simulates flow characteristics of a
gc2d	Model: Glacier / ice sheet evolution model

Technical background information on CAESAR

Contact information

Model: CAESAR
 Contact person: Tom Coulthard
 Institute: University of Hull
 City: Hull
 Country: United Kingdom
 Email: T.Coulthard@hull.ac.uk

Model description

Model type: Modular model for the terrestrial domain.
 Description: CAESAR is a cellular landscape evolution model, with an emphasis on fluvial processes, including flow routing, multi grainsize sediment transport. It models morphological change in river catchments.

Technical information

Supported platforms: Linux, Windows
 Programming language: C, C#
 Model development started at: 1996 and is still going on
 To what degree will the model become available: Source code will be available, and model can be used as well as a teaching tool and executable will be available.
 Current license type: GNU
 Memory requirements: >512MB
 Typical run time: 5 min to 50 days

Input / Output description

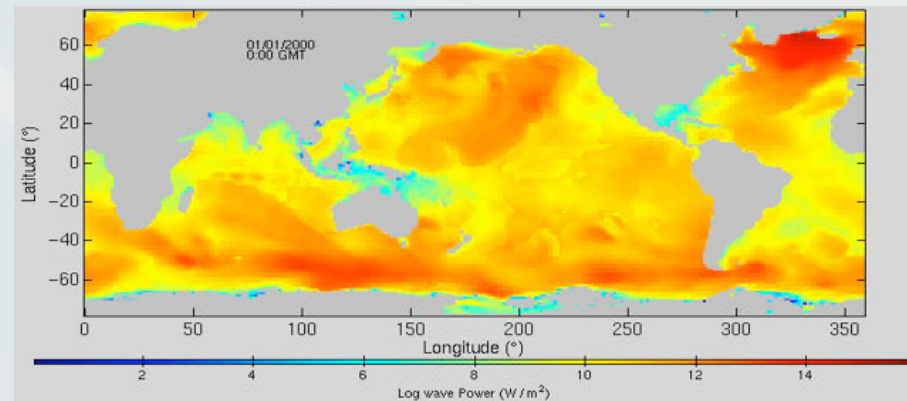
Input parameters: DEM as ascii grid (output from arcGIS),
 Rainfall data as a space separated ascii file (straightforward list), Inputs of water/sediment in an ascii file. Other single value parameter inputs for grainsize, flow parameters, slope processes etc..
 Input format: ASCII
 Output parameters: ascii grids (readable into arcGIS) and google earth images of: DEM, flow depth, surface grainsize, shear stress, vegetation cover, velocity.
 Also time series of water discharge and sediment discharge (across 9 grain sizes) at user chosen interval.
 Also visual output to AVI
 Output format: ASCII



The CSDMS Education Repository

CSDMS distributes:

- 1) Model Simulations,
- 2) Educational PPTs,
- 3) Reports, Publication links,
- 4) Short Course Materials,
- 5) Images,
- 6) Workshop Presentations.

| Talks: | Presented by | Title | pdf |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | James Syvitski | [CSDMS introduction](#) | |
| | James Syvitski | [Geology, Geography, and Humans Battle for Dominance over the Delivery of Fluvial Sediment to the Coastal Ocean](#) | |
| | John Milliman | [Introduction to group discussion](#) | |
| | Maria Snoussi | Discussion notes Sunday morning session | |
| | Yoshi Saito | [Morphodynamics and evolution of estuaries in response to climate and anthropogenic forcing](#) | |

 A thumbnail image of a grid of estuary photos is also visible on the right side of the page.

CSDMS Working Groups & Focus Research Groups

Terrestrial

Tucker/CIRES

65 members
45 institutions
7 countries

Coastal

Murray/Duke

55 members
43 institutions
11 countries

Marine

Wiberg/VIMS

47 members
40 institutions
8 countries

Cyber/Numerics

Tao Sun/ExxonMobil

30 members
20 institutions
3 countries

EKT

TBD

12 members
8 institutions
USA

Carbonate

Burgess/London

22 members
18 institutions
5 countries

Chesapeake

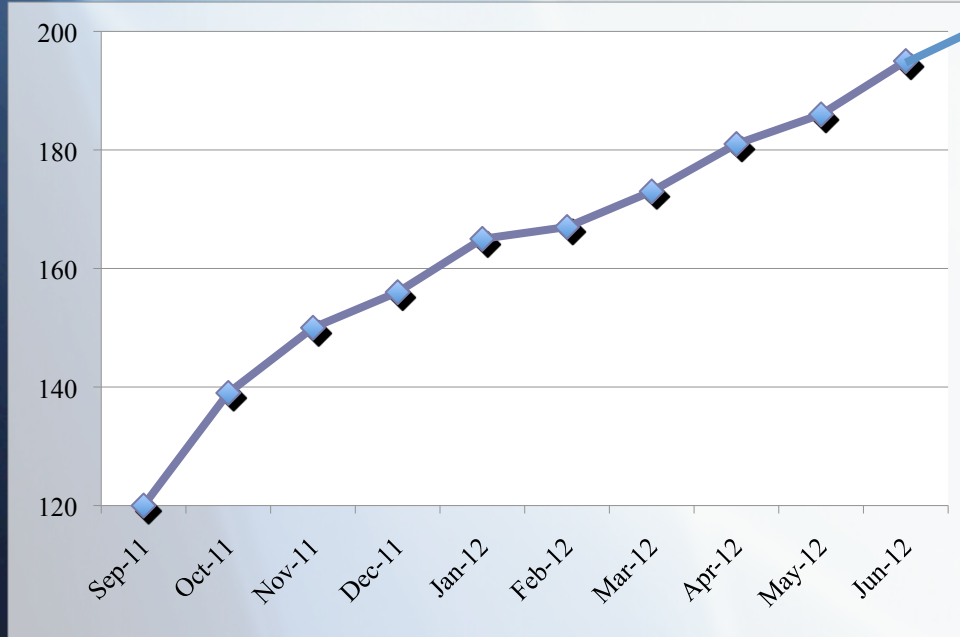
Voinov/CCMP

?? members
?? institutions
USA

Hydrology

Famiglietti/UCSB

?? members
?? institutions
?? countries



CSDMS Cyber & Numerics Working Group

Evaluates numerical codes according to interoperability, protocol compliance, technical documentation, adequacy of supporting boundary conditions and boundary initializations.

Compliant code functions within a CSDMS framework

Operating systems: *fedora, ubuntu, OSX10.5, and Solaris 8*

Parallel computation: *MPI*

Language interoperability: *Babel*

Model Architecture: *CCA*

Model Interface Standard: *OpenMI*

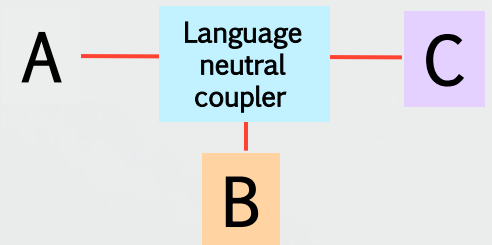
Software Distribution: *RPM, Debian, PackageMaker, Contractor*

Platform-independent GUI: *wxPython*

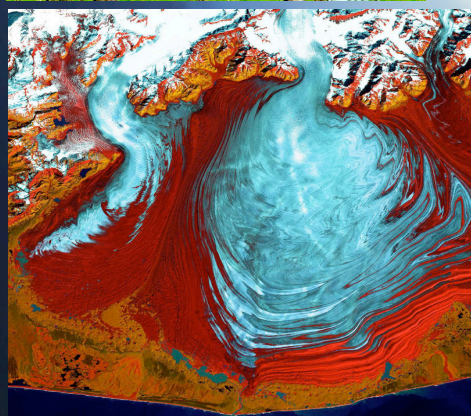
Version control: *Subversion*

Open source software license: *CSDMS architecture: MITX11*

Components: GPL2 compatible OSI approved.



Environmental WGs & FRGs advance short & long term goals; modeling priorities; quality control

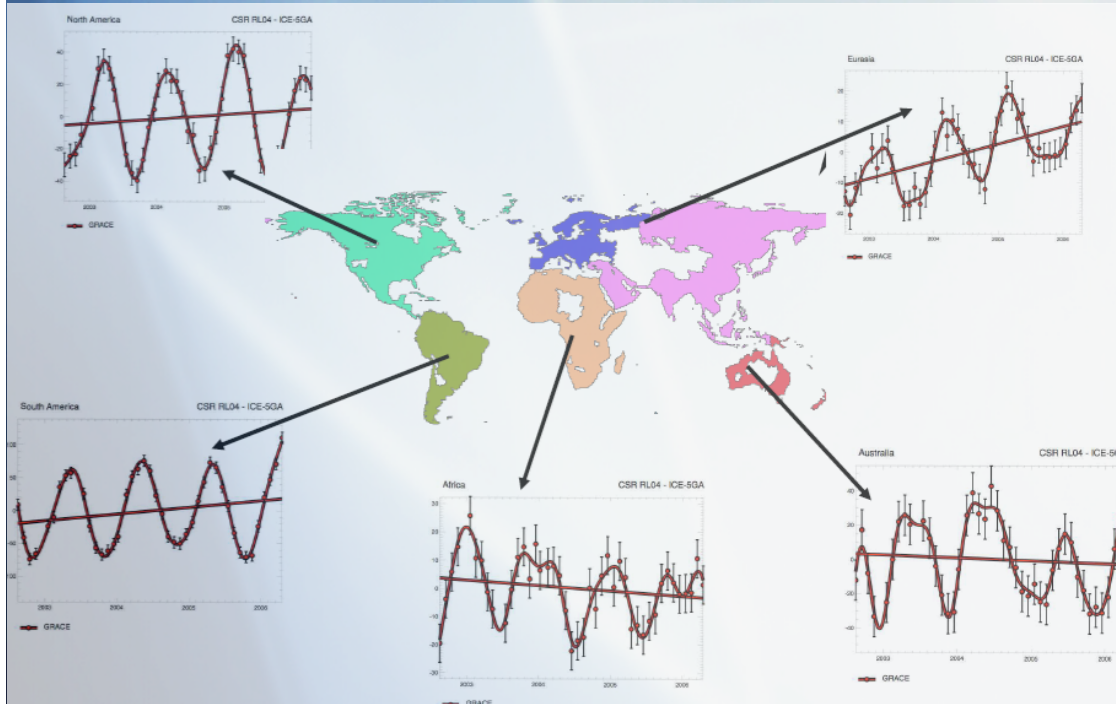


CSDMS Terrestrial WG Scope

EKT Workshop, Boulder, Oct. 2008



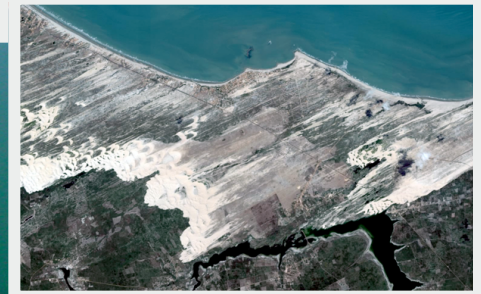
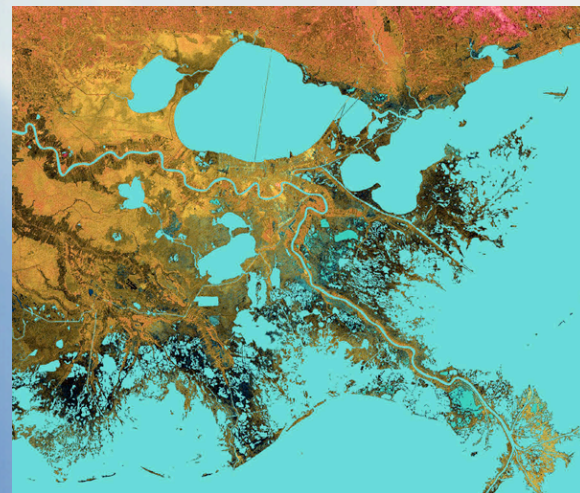
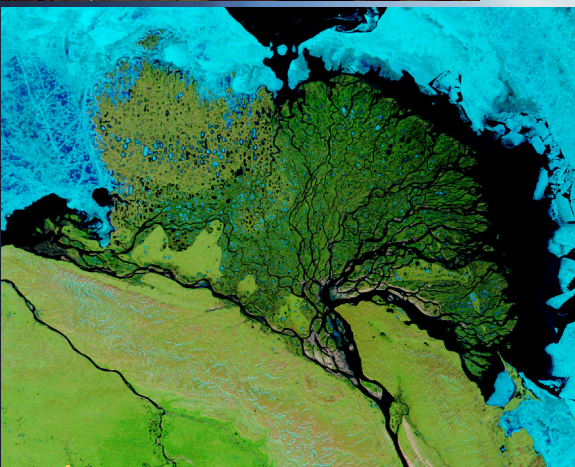
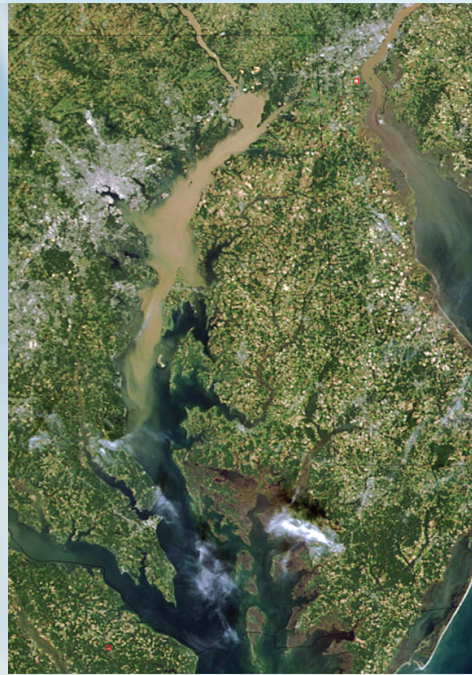
Hydrology Focus Research Group *Cosponsored with CUAHSI*



Community Hydrologic Modeling Platform (CHyMP) Goals

- link to atmospheric & ocean GCMs & Earth system models;
- link to biogeochemical, ecological, surface dynamics, & environmental engineering models
- forward & inverse modeling, optimization, stochastic analyses;
- interface with CUAHSI Hydrologic Information System;
- support environmental decision making, management & policy;
- serve as an educational tool.

Environmental WGs & FRGs provide community input: models, boundary conditions, validation datasets; documentation.



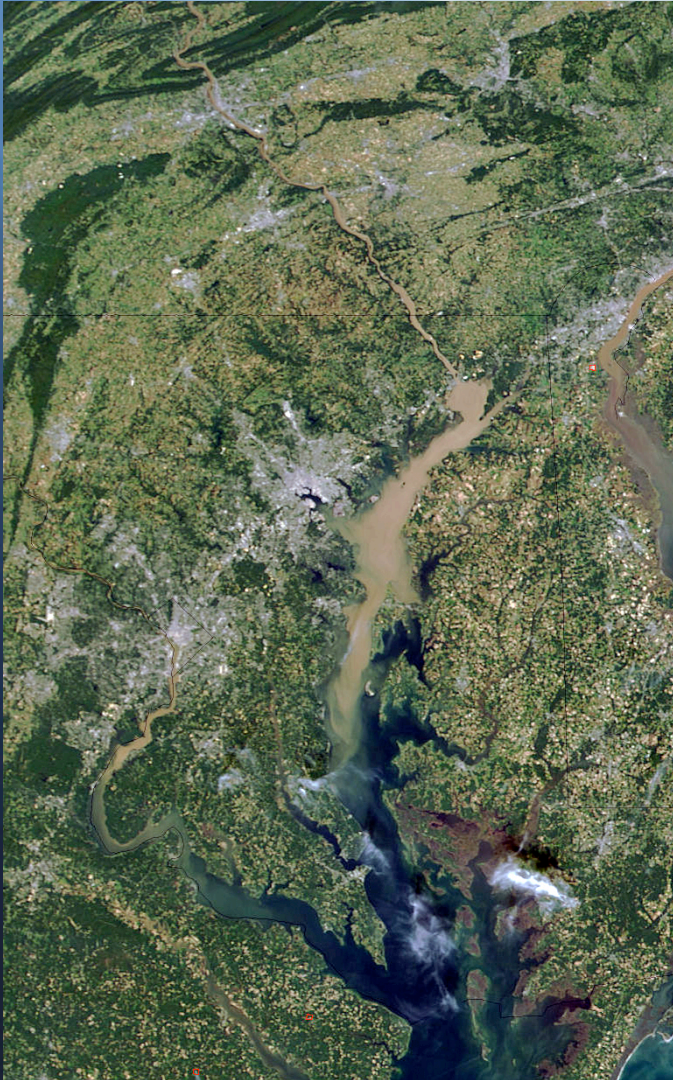
CSDMS Coastal WG Scope

EKT Workshop, Boulder, Oct. 2008

CSDMS
COMMUNITY SURFACE DYNAMICS MODELING SYSTEM

Chesapeake Focus Research Group

Cosponsored with CCMP

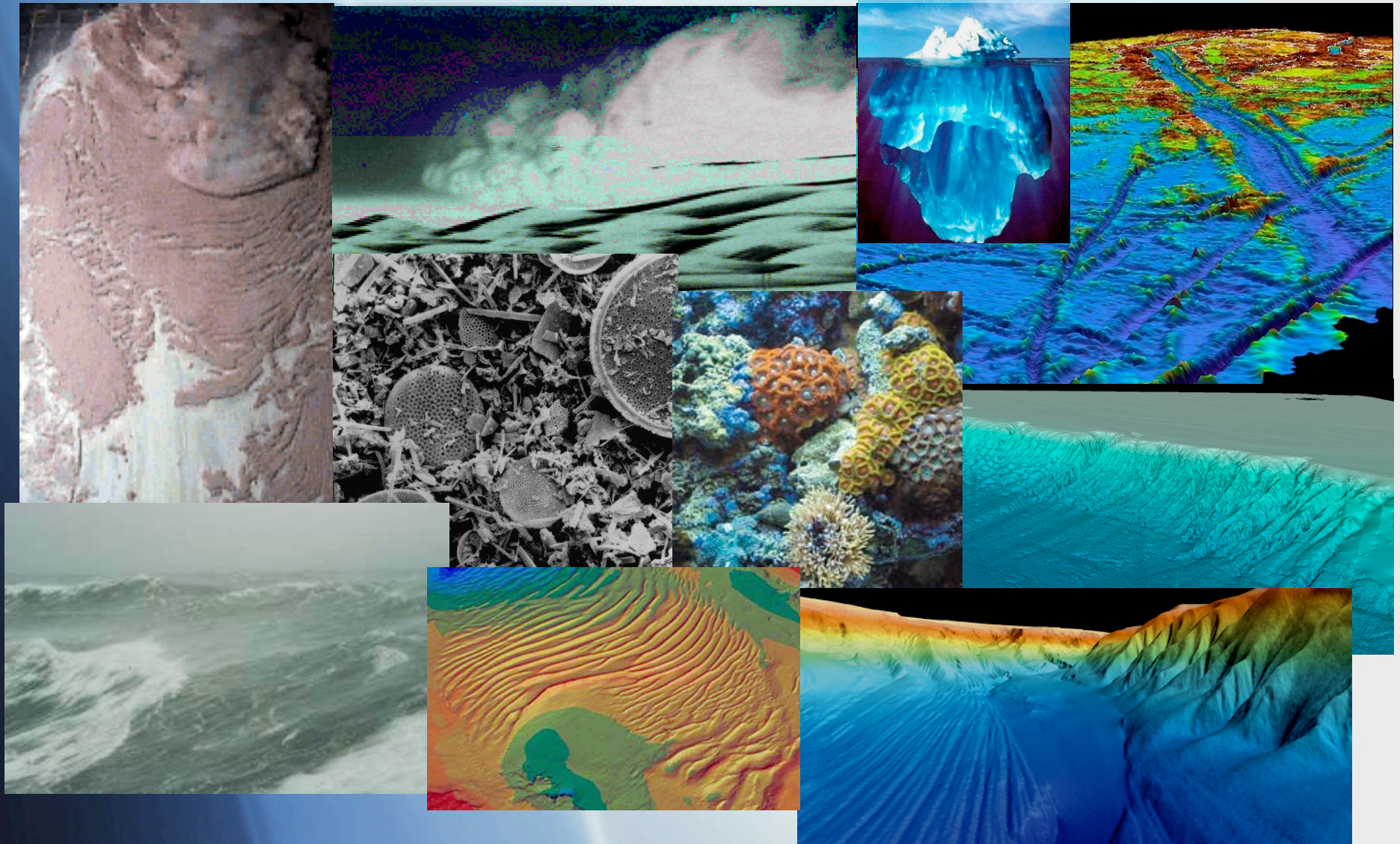


Chesapeake Community Modeling Program (CCMP)

- Supported by the Chesapeake Bay research community
- An open source system of watershed and estuary models specific to the Chesapeake Bay region.
- A watershed-estuary modeling framework consisting of interchangeable individual modules defining hydrodynamics, ecosystem dynamics, trophic exchanges, and watershed interactions.



Environmental WGs & FRGs are responsible for proof-of-concept challenges;



CSDMS Marine WG Scope

EKT Workshop, Boulder, Oct. 2008

CSDMS
COMMUNITY SURFACE DYNAMICS MODELING SYSTEM

Carbonate Focus Research Group



Community Carbonate Model (CCM) Goal

Develop a numerical work-bench for carbonates that:

- 1) includes process modules (i.e., deposition, diagenesis, deformation/fracturing);
- 2) is linked to other models (e.g., ocean, climate, etc.);
- 3) accepts observations from different sources & databases;
- 4) has inversion/verification schemes & sensitivity/response surfaces; and
- 5) offers multiple time & space scales.



CSDMS Proof of Concept Model Challenges

1. Tracking the production, transport & fate of water, sediments, carbon & nutrients.
2. Dynamic models that include the *Human Dimension*
3. Integration of models that track surface dynamics across moving boundaries (e.g. sea level, climate)



CSDMS Education & Knowledge Transfer WG

- Education audiences: university students, professionals, secondary and college teachers, and the general public.
- Knowledge Transfer audiences: Industry and Federal Agencies
- Professional training in the use of CSDMS and its components.
- Undergraduate education: develop and formally assess instructional modules centered on interactive, animated simulations of earth-surface processes; engage students in real problems.
- Build on the teacher-training program via NCED: 1) ESTREAMS teachers in research program, 2) summer Teacher Institutes
- Contribute to the public understanding of Earth-surface dynamics by working with the Science Museum of Minnesota; develop a 3D movie to convey the excitement of earth-surface science, while emphasizing space-time complexity (Funding from NCED).
- Engaging the CU SMART program that nationally targets historically underserved undergraduates in science and engineering through ten-week research internships each summer.



CSDMS Education & Knowledge Transfer WG



- Tests hypotheses to support data interpretation
- Utilize pre- & post-processing visualization tools
- Tests modules as part of field campaigns

- Run scenarios
- Relate spatial output to environmental factors
- Quantify uncertainties in decision making

Uncertainty, Variability, Error, Precision, Accuracy, Confidence

- Illustrates surface processes using pre-packaged models
- Builds intuition with “what-if” model runs
- Develops case studies that integrate field data and model simulations.



NSF year 2

\$420K IF Staff

0.40 Ex. Director
0.75 Senior S Eng
1.00 Software Eng
0.40 Software PDF
1.00 Ex. Assistant
0.50 Web Master
0.20 Sys. Admin
0.25 Accountant

\$80K Workshops

\$40K Travel (all)

\$26K Operations

NSF year 3

\$660K IF Staff

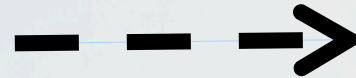
0.50 Ex. Director
0.75 Senior S Eng
1.00 Software Eng
1.00 Software PDF
1.00 Ex. Assistant
1.00 Web Master
0.28 Sys. Admin
0.36 Accountant
1.00 EKT specialist

\$80K Workshops

\$40K Travel (all)

\$38K Operations

CSDMS is underwritten by NSF and importantly an assortment of research funds from NASA, ONR, USGS, ConocoPhillips, ExxonMobil, plus



Yr 2: CSDMS NSF-supported staff = 4.5 FTE
CSDMS non NSF-supported staff ≈ 4.5 FTE

Yr 3: CSDMS NSF-supported staff = 7 FTE
CSDMS non NSF-supported staff ≈ 6 FTE



Principal Year 2 Goals

- Goal 1) Establish interface standards that define how components can be connected with OpenMI within CCA
- Goal 2) Link refactored code contributions from the community as CSDMS components within the CSDMS framework
- Goal 3) Implement a glacier erosion model (e.g. *GC2D*) with a distributed hydrologic model (e.g. *TopoFlow*) as an application built from CCA-compliant components
- Goal 4) Implement a landscape evolution model (e.g. *CHILD*) and a coastal evolution (e.g. *COAST*) built as CCA compliant components
- Goal 5) Explore the coupling of a 3D hydrodynamic ocean model within CSDMS/CCA (e.g. *ROMS* or *Delft3D-Flow*)
- Goal 6) Begin to assemble a set of standard components that transcend model components and facilitate their linkage of components into working applications
- Goal 7) Create two educational modules, conduct a training workshop and assist the CSDMS community in preparing code and model contributions that comply with the CSDMS standards and interfaces



Principal Year 2 Goals (cont.)

Goal 8) Develop further, the three CSDMS repositories (Data, Model, & Education), through community contributions.

Goal 9) Purchase and setup the CSDMS Experimental Supercomputer, test compilers with *SedFlux*, and once operational, open up system to the CSDMS community for computational activities.

Goal 10) Further develop the CSDMS Wiki website in aid of community integration and participation

Goal 11) Organize &/or sponsor &/or host 4 workshops (Clinoform, Sedibud, CUAHSI Biennial Colloquium, IAHS/S2S workshop), 7 working group meetings, 4 management meetings, 1 Open Town-hall meeting and 1 short course.

Goal 12) Host the Industry Consortium first meeting; host a U.S. interagency partners meeting; represent CSDMS within the US and abroad (e.g. teach a CSDMS S2S modeling workshop in New Zealand)



The Promise of CSDMS

Better understanding of the evolution of Earth's environments,
Better quantification of our knowledge uncertainties.

Contribute new numerical models to address the complexities,
feedbacks & linkages in earth-surface science.

Proffer new numerical approaches for the benefit of society.

